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BY LEVI L. TATE,
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ORIGINAL POETRY.

The Starry Heaven.

BY J. C. M.

"Sit and wonder," said I,
Upon the starry arch of night,
And the fading, shadowy haze
Throws o'er my heart a wild delight,
And then a holy wonder thrills
And draws away all thoughts of earth.
And oh! how deep a peace fills
As I think where Heaven has its birth.
If far beyond those dazzling spheres
Each joyous soul will spend its way,
If each bright glimmering star appears
This side of Heaven's glorious day,
And then the rapture that must dawn
The soul, when rising in its flight,
To feel the burning dazzling crown
By God placed on its brow of light.
Or in some shining central space
Doth congregate the vast and bright,
And worlds their mighty onward race
Still move around this place of rest,
Slaying the soul in its flight,
(And gaily thus my soul doth thrill)
Heaven's range of stars is defined,
God's chain of love's no binding link.
Then comes a thrilling deep desire,
That heaven and I will be one,
And then the glowing passion fire,
Will know and only seek to rest.
As I know of a glorious life
That plenty rises up to view,
With all its bliss and painful strife,
With all its bright and shining hue.
Oh! how can man who's pictured here
His ever glorious God adore—
Oh! how can he, with all his doubt
As he looks out upon the world,
Gaze on the trembling stars of night,
Which, shall we not our heavenly home,
And yet I've seen this glorious sight
Draw near a looker-on from afar.

ORIGINAL SKETCH.

THE PAINTER'S CURSE.

BY KATE.

In the latter part of the year 1849, there lived in what was then called Happy Valley, a poor painter, a Spaniard by birth, named Gonzalez.
It was on a very cold day in December that I was called to attend the death-bed of this unfortunate man. As I entered his poorly-furnished abode my eyes fell on a magnificent painting which hung on the wall. The picture was made to represent a beautiful girl, perhaps eighteen years of age, in the act of plucking a rose-bud, but a large wasp, apparently passing suddenly to prevent her from doing as she desired. After I had been in the old man's apartment some time, I turned our conversation to the picture which had so much attracted my attention on entering.
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A BEAUTIFUL STORY.

A BREACH OF PROMISE.

BY A RETIRED ATTORNEY.

"Is it possible, Rose Leavitt?" exclaimed I, as I saw a lady whom I recognized as one of the most beautiful heiresses of Boston enter my office.
"I dare say you are surprised; but my business is of a strictly legal character; so you need not waste any exclamations upon the event."
Rose Leavitt was a beauty and an heiress, but she was a strange girl, for all that. Her father had died when she was about sixteen, leaving something like a million to be divided between her and two brothers. Charles and Henry Leavitt were much older than she, and both of them had long been settled down as quiet, orderly business men. They were respectable in the fullest sense of the word, and were never known to be erratic in the slightest particular.
Rose seemed to be cast in another and entirely different mould from that in which they had been formed. At school she had been so wild, that neither master nor mistress could control her. She would have her own way—a peculiarity to which, I am sorry to say, very many young ladies are addicted.
For the proprieties of life—I mean for those set formalities of life, which pass as such in the world of fashion—she had a sovereign contempt. She hated dandies, hated belles, hated pianos, music books, French and German "methods," in fact, she seemed strikingly disposed to live out her existence after the dictates of her own fancy, or her caprices, as the reader may choose to regard it.
She had passed into her twenty-first year, without having done anything to call the attention of the world at large to her. Her whims had only been manifested in the school room, or at the home of the brother with whom she resided.
She was now twenty-two, and was in a fair way to become an historical character, as I shall soon inform the reader. Of course Rose had a profusion of lovers—heiresses always find them as plenty as snow flakes at Christmas. But Rose very summarily disposed of this crowd, by selecting from them one who was certainly a very superior fellow. He was not rich, and had not been very forward in his attentions, until it was plain to him, and all the world, that she had taken a fancy to him. Charles Carpenter was poor, but he sincerely loved the wayward girl, and would not have bent at her shrine, if he had not loved her.
Then Rose, after she had secured him in her toils, as the spider does the fly, seemed a little disposed to play the coquette. Now Charles Carpenter had not assurance enough to deal with a coquettish heiress. He was not a man of the world. He was conscious of the vast difference in their social position, and when she began to flirt with another, he did not resent it; but seemed to regard it as a change of sentiment on her part, to which he could offer no reasonable objection. Calmly yielding to the fate which denied him the bliss of being loved, he let concealment like a worm in the bud, feed on his damask cheek.
Rose flirted. A new star had risen in the firmament of that circle in which she moved. In the person of Mr. Sampson Deele. He had lately come from Baltimore, was the son of a merchant prince, owned a fine estate on the Rappahannock, in Virginia, with two hundred negroes; in fact, his surroundings were everything that could be desired.
Rose flirted with him, and Mr. Sampson Deele was as constant as the needle to the pole. Soon the flirtation assumed a more serious aspect. The elegant gentleman was ever by her side, and she never failed to smile upon him. Poor Carpenter gave up all for lost, and never intruded upon her presence.
For about three months, Mr. Deele had eluded her, and then it was whispered that he had proposed and was accepted. Rose's brothers were in ecstasies. They had been fearful she would throw herself away upon a poor fellow like Carpenter; and both of them declared it was the most sensible thing they had ever known her to do; inasmuch as they did not expect much of her in the matter of matrimony.
I had heard all about these things as matters of gossip. Epitaph poor Carpenter, with whom I was well acquainted; but the wealth, position, prospects and magnificent expectations of Mr. Sampson Deele could not be gainsayed.
"How is Mr. Deele?" I asked, when she was seated.
"He is a knave!" replied she, smartly. I was utterly as astonished at this ebullition of feeling.
"Read that letter, Mr. Deele, and let it explain my business in a lawyer's office."
I took the document. It was from Mr. Sampson Deele. From it I learned, for the first time, that the engagement between the parties had been broken up. It appeared that she had formally dismissed him. The letter was a strictly business document. If he had written anything more delicate, if he had remonstrated as a lover against his banishment he had done it before this was penned. In this he laid aside the character of the lover, and assumed that of the cool man of business looking out sharply for his material interests. The substance of it was that the writer would prosecute her for a breach of promise, if she refused to marry him.
"What shall I do, Mr. Deele?" she asked, trying to laugh, but I could observe the trepidation that filled her mind.
"Really, Rose, this is bad business.—Why do you banish him? I can conceive what a terrible misfortune it must be, to be exiled from your presence."
"I banished him because he is a knave. I can prove that he is a gambler—a professional gambler."
"That will not be sufficient."
"I feared not, but one thing is certain, I will never speak to him again, let the consequences be what they may."
"Have you committed yourself?"
"I have."
"Have there been any letters?"
"Yes, he has everything in black and white."
"Bad, bad, Rose."
"I know that, or I should not have come to you with such an affair."
I questioned her closely as to all the particulars of the affair. Mr. Sampson Deele could have no better case, so far as appearance went. It looked just as though everything he had done had been done by design; and before the interview was finished, I was satisfied that he was a scoundrel; that all he wanted was my fair client's fortune. But Rose was completely in his power.
For two or three days I fretted over the case and then decided to go to Baltimore myself.—Enjoying upon Rose the strictest secrecy in regard to my movements, I departed. It would take much space to narrate the incidents of my search in Baltimore; besides it would spoil the story; therefore, I withhold them.
On my return, I hastened to Rose and desired her to send for Mr. Deele. He came and impudently stated the grounds of his claim to the hand of the heiress.
"How much will you buy off, Mr. Deele?" I asked, with all appearance of deep anxiety.
"Well, sir, I do not wish to prosecute the lady. If she has ceased to love me, it is not my fault; but it is not right that I should be a sufferer by her change of sentiments. She is worth, I am told, some three hundred thousand. I will not be hard with her. Give me one-sixth of her fortune, and I will return the letters."
"No, sir; we will not do that."
"Very well; and he coolly rose to depart."
"One word more; do you think your claim upon the lady is good?"
"Undoubtedly."
"Wait a moment, then, and I will convince you to the contrary."
I opened the door of an adjoining room, and Rose conducted a lady who had come from Baltimore with me, into the apartment.
"This lady will be an excellent witness for the defence," I remarked.
"Hill!" shouted he, as he seized his hat, and rushed from the house.
Rose threw herself on the sofa and laughed till I thought she would go into hysterics—the crazy girl!
In a word, the strange lady was Mrs. Sampson Deele, wife of the aspirant for Rose's hand and fortune, whom the wretch had deserted several years before. So much for my visit to Baltimore. Rose had handsomely rewarded her for her trouble, and it was a profitable journey to her.—About a year after, Charles Carpenter was made happy by receiving the hand of Rose, and I am pleased to add, she has made a very steady wife.

Poet's Heads.

Sir Walter Scott's hat was always the smallest in any company he happened to be in—the head was pyramidal. Byron's was the same. Sir Charles Napier in his diary thus mentions his meeting with Byron:—"Lord Byron is still here—a very good fellow, very pleasant, always laughing and joking. An American gave a very good account of him in the newspapers, but said his head was too large in proportion, which is not true. He dined with me the day before the paper arrived, and four or five of us tried to put on his hat, but none could; he had the smallest head of all, and one of the smallest I ever saw. He is very compassionate and kind to every one in distress." At the opening of Barr's mausoleum in 1834, for the interment of his widow, the poet's skull was taken up and examined.—Nine gentlemen were present, and every one tried his hat on the skull. Only one of the nine could cover it, and that was the hat of Mr. Thomas Carlyle.

SABBATH READING.

"I Have Lost my Way." "I have lost my way," a little child said to me this morning. It had wandered too far from its father's house. "I want to go home," the little child said, and her tears fell thick and fast upon her little hands. I led the little lost one home, and it was sweet to witness the rejoicing of the parents over the restored lamb. I have lost my way, I repeated sadly to myself, in these deep labyrinthine of life—my feet wander in strange paths—the fruit which I had so fondly coveted, like the apples of Sodom, has turned to ashes on my lips—memories of my glad, prayerful childhood come sweeping over my soul—I have left my Father's house, and I, too, want to go home. God has made the parent a type of his own infinite love; and if an earthly father can say, "It was meet that we should be merry and glad, for this my son was dead, and is alive again, and was lost, and is found," how much more will our Heavenly Father welcome the wanderer's return to his protecting love! The sweetest tears shed are those of penitence. Some of the noblest steps trod are those which return from wanderings. A greater than a father's love waits to embrace the prodigal.

Female Heroism.

Among the noteworthy incidents of the Montreal disaster, was the saving of her two children by Mrs. Bloomfield, whose husband is in the employ of the Grand Trunk Company at Toronto. She held to a rope with one hand, keeping the head of one child above the water with the other, and holding the other up by fastening her teeth in its dress. So heavy was her load, that two of her teeth gave way and were lost; yet she still retained her hold. At last a boat came towards her, and men were screaming all around her to be taken on board; she could not scream, but a man seeing her situation, brought the boat to her telling them she needed aid the most. Then her strength gave way, and she came near drowning ere she could be lifted into the boat. She is a slight delicate woman in appearance, and one wonders how she was able to do so much.

THE STREAM OF LIFE.

Life bears us on like the stream of a mighty river. Our boat at first glides swiftly down the narrow channels, through the playful murmurings of the little brook, and along its grassy borders, trees shed their blossoms over our young heads, and the flowers and the brink seem to offer themselves to our young hands, we are in hope, and grasp eagerly at the beauties around us, but the stream hurries us on, and still our hands are empty. Our course in youth and manhood is along a wider and deeper flood, and amid objects more striking and magnificent. We are animated by the moving picture of enjoyment and industry passing before us; we are excited by short-lived success, depressed and rendered miserable by short-lived disappointment; but our energy and our dependence are both in vain. The stream bears us on—our joys and griefs are left behind us; we may be shipwrecked, but cannot anchor; our voyage may be hastened, but cannot be delayed; whether rough or smooth, the river hastens towards its haven, the roaring of the waves is beneath our keel, the land lessens from our eyes, the floods are lifted up around us, we take our last leave of earth and its inhabitants, and of our future voyage, there is no witness but the Infinite and Eternal.

The Lord's Prayer.

I know that my mother taught me, for linked with each petition is her presence and her love. But I do not remember when I cannot recall the time I knew it not. With my first best memories it has place. My mother and "Our Father which art in Heaven" have watched over me together with protecting care, united in their love. And though I have learned to know that my Saviour's love awaited more for me than mortal's can, yet still I feel my mother's as true, as constant to bless, far as its power extends, and those dear names are linked together in my memory forever. And how can any child that has had the love and the prayers of a mother, scorn a Saviour's love, so like to hers, self-sacrificing, yet, more than hers, all powerful.—Thus it would seem that every heart should be given to Christ. But alas, great as the anomaly, every mother does not teach her child to pray. Ah! 'tis sad, yes, awful to know it. But those who have a mother who teaches of "Our Father," can never show enough gratitude and obedience, both to the one and the other; for earth, with all its sunshine and its flowers, were but a gloomy waste without the hope of heaven.

Love and Charity.

There is much vague talk in these latter days about love and charity. Men profess to admire and desire to see them increased, and yet hate the principles which alone can produce them. Let us stand fast in the old paths. We cannot have fruits and flowers without roots. We cannot have love to God and man without faith in Christ, and without regeneration. The way to spread true love in the world, is to teach the atonement of Christ and the work of the Holy Ghost.

TEARS AND LAUGHTER.

God made both tears and laughter, and both for kind purposes; for as laughter enables mirth and surprise to breathe freely, so tears enable sorrow to vent itself patiently.—Tears lend sorrow from becoming despair and madness, and laughter is one of the very privileges of reason, being confined to the human species.

Dear Maggie.

She found the discipline of life More than her heart could bear, And so she turned her to the grave, And sought for refuge there. And now she lies with folded hands, In an unbroken sleep; With peaceful heart, and tearless eye, Where none can make her weep.

SALT.

The annual product of the U. States is 12,270,000 bushels. Of this New York produces six millions of bushels.—Virginia three millions, five hundred thousand. The manufacture is carried on in eleven of the States, the brine being drawn from deep wells.

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